Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 Revision date: 10/11/2011

Supersedes: 02/12/2010

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the	e substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: Quicksilver Premium 2-Cycle Engine Oil, TC-W3
Product code	: 625091316; 92-97957; 92-858020Q01; 92-858021Q01; 92-858022Q01; 92-858023Q01; 92-858024Q01
Synonyms	: Two cycle engine oil
Product group	: Trade product
	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
1.2.1. Relevant identified uses	
Use of the substance/preparation	: Marine and Watercraft Applications
1.2.2. Uses advised against	
No additional information available	
<b>1.3.</b> Details of the supplier of the s	safety data sheet
Mercury Marine 41-71 Bessemer Drive Dandenong South Australia	Vic
3175 +61 3 9791 5822	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	r
Emergency number	: Chemtrec Australia (Sydney) +(61) 290372994 (24 hour service)
SECTION 2: Hazards identificat	tion
2.1. Classification of the substance	
Classification according to Regulation	(EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 STOT SE 3 H336	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16.	
Classification according to Directive 67	7/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC
Xi; R38	
R52/53	
Adverse physicochemical, human heal	th and environmental effects
to aquatic organisms due to possible form	drocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. In case of large spills the product may be hazardous nation of a film on the surface water which can diminish dissolved oxygen levels. Vapours can travel tion where they can ignite, flash back, or explode.
2.2. Label elements	
Labelling according to Regulation (EC)	No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Hazard pictograms (CLP)	
Signal word (CLP)	GHS07 : Warning
Hazard statements (CLP)	<ul> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements (CLP)	<ul> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area</li> <li>P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water</li> <li>P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point</li> </ul>
Labelling according to Directive 67/548	/EEC or 1999/45/EC

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#### Hazard symbols



Hazardous ingredients R-phrases	<ul> <li>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</li> <li>R38 - Irritating to skin.</li> <li>R52/53 - Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> </ul>
S-phrases	<ul> <li>S24 - Avoid contact with skin.</li> <li>S35 - This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.</li> <li>S37 - Wear suitable gloves.</li> <li>S59 - Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.</li> <li>S61 - Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.</li> </ul>
2.3. Other hazards	
other hazards which do not result in classification	: Combustible liquid. Spills of this product present a serious slipping hazard.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

#### Not applicable

#### 3.2. **Mixtures**

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	(CAS No.) 64742-47-8 (EC no) 265-149-8 (EC index no) 649-422-00-2	< 25	Xn; R65 Xi; R38 N; R51/53 R10
Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	(CAS No.) 64742-47-8 (EC no) 265-149-8 (EC index no) 649-422-00-2	<25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin irrit cat 2 H315 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

#### Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. Immediately get medical attention. Put victim at rest, cover with a blanket and keep warm.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Contact burns from hot or very cold materials should be flooded with cool low pressure water for 15 minutes. After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops. Discard contaminated leather articles. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If material is injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Do not give an unconscious person anything to drink. Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effect	s, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: This material or its emissions may cause damage to kidney and liver and/or aggravate existing disorders.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Inhalation of mists or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

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Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause slight temporary irritation. Effects of skin contact may include : redness. Effects of skin contact may include: irritation and burn feeling. Prolonged/repetitive skin contact may cause skin defattening or dermatitis. Injection under the skin of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause slight temporary irritation. Symptoms can include redness, pain, and tearing.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	<ul> <li>On ingestion in large quantities : CNS depression. Symptoms of ingestion include drowsiness, weakness, headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting.</li> </ul>

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Injection under the skin of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage.

<b>SECTION 5: Firefighting measure</b>	IS
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	: For small fire : carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder, foam. Inert gas. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. For large fire : Foam. Water fog. Use water spray/fog for cooling.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the	e substance or mixture
Fire hazard	: When heated above the flash point, releases vapours. Exposed to ignition source, vapours can burn in open / explode if confined. Mist or spray may burn at temperature below flash point. Vapours can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode.
Explosion hazard	: Exposed to ignition source, vapours can burn in open / explode if confined. Risk of explosion if heated in a confined system.
Reactivity	: Hazardous combustion products. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fumes.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. At or above flash point, vapours present may burn in open or explode if confined when mixed with air and exposed to ignition source.
Protective equipment for firefighters	: In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear proper protective equipment. Refer to section 8.
SECTION 6: Accidental release m	neasures
6.1. Personal precautions, protective	e equipment and emergency procedures
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment	: Refer to section 8.
Emergency procedures	: Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. High slip hazard because of leaking or spilled product. Stop leak if safe to do so. Soak up with absorbent material (for example sand, sawdust, neutral absorbent granule, silica gel). Large quantities: Contain large spillage with sand or earth.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Duata ativa a su visua ant	. In second first Ween solf contained breathing conceptus. Defends conting 0

Protective equipment	: In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Refer to section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Floats on water. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Relevant water authorities should be notified of any large spillage to water course or drain. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

6.3.	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Method	s for cleaning up	: Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Absorb remaining liquid with sand or inert absorbent and remove to safe place. Clean spills promptly. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Wear proper protective equipment.	
6.4.	Reference to other sections		

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wear recommended personal protective equipment. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist.

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7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage	condition(s)	surfaces and sources of Protect from sunlight. F	losed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot f ignition. Only use containers approved for especially this product. rotect containers against damage. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, pose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition
Incompa	atible products	: Oxidizing agent.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
No additional information available			
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection			
8.1. Control parameters			
Quicksilver Premium 2-Cycle Engine Oil, TC-W3			
Austra	alia	TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ Oil Mist

Australia	TWA (IIIg/III )	o nighti oli Mist
3.2. Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Personal protective equipment	:	Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.
Hand protection	:	Avoid contact with skin. For prolonged contact, use nitrile or neoprene gloves or other material resistant to petroleum oils. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents, or harsh abrasives as skin cleansers.
Eye protection	:	Chemical goggles or face shield with safety glasses. Use splash goggles when eye contact due to splashing is possible. Wear goggles and face shield when handling material at elevated temperatures.
Skin and body protection	:	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear long sleeves. Wear heat resistant boots and protective clothing when handling material at elevated temperatures.
Respiratory protection	:	Work in well ventilated zones or use proper respiratory protection. With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required. An approved organic vapour respirator/supplied air or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used when vapour concentration exceeds applicable exposure limits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties			
9.1. Information on basic physical an	9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid		
Colour	: green-blue.		
Odour	: petroleum-like odour.		
Odour threshold	: No data available		
рН	: No data available		
Melting point	: No data available		
Solidification point	: No data available		
Boiling point	: No data available		
Flash point	: 81 °C Closed cup (Pensky-Martens)		
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available		
Explosive limits	: No data available		
Vapour pressure	: <1 hPa @20°C		
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: > 1 (air=1):		
Relative density	: 0.87 g/cm <sup>3</sup>		
Density	: 867.78 kg/m³		
Solubility	: Water: Negligible.		

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Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Self ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 32 cSt @ 40°C
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
9.2. Other information	
VOC content	: 175 g/l Approximately.
SECTION 10: Stability and	reactivity
10.1. Reactivity	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.         Reactivity           Hazardous combustion products.         Ca	
10.1.ReactivityHazardous combustion products. Ca10.2.Chemical stability	
10.1.         Reactivity           Hazardous combustion products.         Ca	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.       Reactivity         Hazardous combustion products. Ca         10.2.       Chemical stability         Stable.         10.3.       Possibility of hazardous	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.       Reactivity         Hazardous combustion products. Ca         10.2.       Chemical stability         Stable.         10.3.       Possibility of hazardous         None known.	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.       Reactivity         Hazardous combustion products. Ca         10.2.       Chemical stability         Stable.         10.3.       Possibility of hazardous         None known.	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.       Reactivity         Hazardous combustion products. Ca         10.2.       Chemical stability         Stable.         10.3.       Possibility of hazardous         None known.         10.4.       Conditions to avoid	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.       Reactivity         Hazardous combustion products. Ca         10.2.       Chemical stability         Stable.         10.3.       Possibility of hazardous         None known.         10.4.       Conditions to avoid         Keep away from heat/sparks/open fill	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume
10.1.       Reactivity         Hazardous combustion products. Ca         10.2.       Chemical stability         Stable.         10.3.       Possibility of hazardous         None known.         10.4.       Conditions to avoid         Keep away from heat/sparks/open fl         10.5.       Incompatible materials	arbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. May release harmful fume reactions ames/hot surfaces No smoking.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity	: Not classified	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.2 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	750 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	> 400 mg/kg bodyweight/day	

NOAEL (inhalation,rat,vapour,90 days)	> 1 mg/l/6h/day
Aspiration hazard Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	<ul> <li>Not classified</li> <li>May produce skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Inhalation of mists or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Injection under the skin of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage.</li> </ul>

# Quicksilver Premium 2-Cycle Engine Oil, TC-W3 Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 12: Ecological information	1
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - water	: In case of large spills the product may be hazardous to aquatic organisms due to possible formation of a film on the surface water which can diminish dissolved oxygen levels.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (	64742-47-8)
LC50 fishes 1	45 mg/l
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	140 mg/l
LOEC (chronic)	1 mg/l
ErC50 (algae)	4.2 mg/l
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
No additional information available	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
No additional information available	
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No additional information available	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessme	ent
No additional information available	
12.6. Other adverse effects	
No additional information available	
SECTION 13: Disposal consideratio	ns
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Regional legislation (waste)	: Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources. Do not re-use empty containers. Empty containers should be taken for recycle, recovery or waste in accordance with local regulation. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
Not a dangerous good in sense of transport reg	ulations.
SECTION 15: Regulatory informatio	n
15.1. Safety, health and environmental re	egulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH candidate substance VOC content	: 175 g/l Approximately.
Other regulations, restrictions and prohibition regulations	: Compliance with following regulations: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 as amended. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. Directive 67/548/EEC as amended. Directive 1999/45/EC as amended.
<b>15.1.2.</b> National regulations Regional legislation	: National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets [NOHSC:2011(2003)].
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	
No additional information available	

Sources of Key data	: MSDS.
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials . CLP - Classification, Labelling and Packaging. CSR - Chemical Safety Report. EC - European Community. EEC - European Economic Community. GHS - Globally Harmonised System. Overland transport (ADR). PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals. SDS - Safety Data Sheet.
Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) Acute toxicit	y (dermal) Category 4

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Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	flammable liquids Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
R10	Flammable.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.